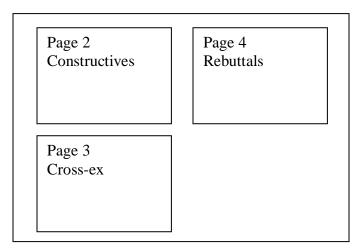
## Flow Chart of the Final Round: Ridgefield High School, October 28, 2006<sup>1</sup>

The final round was between Stamford (David Retter and Kevin George) on the Affirmative and Hamden (Eric Kirchner and Khalid Lum) on the Negative. The debate was won by Hamden.

## **Format Key**

It's hard to reproduce notes taken on an 11" by 14" artist pad on printed paper. The three pages below are an attempt to do so. The first page covers the constructive speeches, the second page covers the cross-ex, and the third page covers the rebuttal. The pages are intended to be arranged as follows, which is how my actual flow chart is arranged:



Note that the first page containing the constructive speeches always has arguments related to the Affirmative contentions at the top, and those relating to the Negative contentions at the bottom. This is not how the speeches may have been presented, in that often a speaker will deal with Negative arguments prior to the Affirmative. The "transcript" version of this chart presents the arguments in each speech as presented.

The chart uses "A1," "N2," etc. to refer to the Affirmative first contention, the Negative second contention and so forth. It also uses the following abbreviations:

"CC" Christopher Columbus "CCD"Columbus Day "NA" Native Americans

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Copyright 2006 Everett Rutan. This document may be freely copied for non-profit, educational purposes. CDA October 2006 Tournament

First Affirmative Constructive	First Negative Constructive	Second Affirmative Constructive	Second Negative Constructive
<ol> <li>Introduction</li> <li>Statement of the Resolution</li> <li>Christopher Columbus ("CC") m the discoverer of America, the pot the idea, or guilty of launching gu his voyages were a net positive at point in history.</li> <li>A1: No one is required to celebra matter of personal choice.</li> <li>a) No one is forced to particip American or Native America oriented activities.</li> <li>A2: CC was a pioneer and symb a) The Renaissance was startin b) CC opened new territory an opportunities</li> <li>A3: The deaths of NAs was to pr mixing of the Old and New Worl a) CC was not the cause of the which no one understood on at the time b) CC was not the cause of the cultural clashes.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>The Affirmative gave no definition of terms We define "continue to celebrate" as meani that the US will continue to have CCD as a national holiday.</li> <li>A1: Celebration really isn't a personal choi if it's a national holiday</li> <li>A2: How can Columbus be called a pionee when he didn't really know where he was?</li> <li>A3: The cause of the clash of cultures is no relevant; it all came about as a result of CC voyages.</li> <li>of this time ng d trade</li> <li>could prevent</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>A2: CC was the right guy in the right place at the right time, and symbolizes it.</li> <li>A3: CC was not responsible for the diseases that killed most of the NAs. It's only in modern times that we have learned the cause and cure</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>We note the Affirmative has not disagreed with our definitions.</li> <li>A1: This contention doesn't matter. Those who want to can celebrate on their own.         <ul> <li>a) No need for a Federal holiday, school closings.</li> <li>b) CC is just not that significant to the US</li> <li>A2: There is no other national holiday celebrating a non-American</li></ul></li></ol>
	<ul> <li>5) N1: CCD is not an accurate portrayal of American values.</li> <li>a) There should be no holiday for genoci</li> <li>b) Columbus stood for cultural and racia domination</li> <li>c) US holidays, like Thanksgiving, celet unity, not imperialism and control.</li> <li>6) N2: US holidays should celebrate America</li> <li>a) CC was not an American, as the Affirmative admitted in cross-ex</li> <li>b) CC never set foot in the US, but sailed mostly around Hispaniola</li> <li>c) CC is as relevant to the US as the explorers who discovered Australia</li> <li>d) The English colonization is much more closely related to the US</li> <li>7) N3: CCD is unnecessary</li> <li>a) For most it's just a day out of work or school</li> <li>b) There is no cultural significance, as C was a non-American promoting a non American culture</li> <li>c) Students would be better off if they st in school</li> <li>d) 17 states don't observe the holiday.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>for a cause.</li> <li>a) CC sailed when most people thought the world was flat.</li> <li>5) N2: We celebrate many non-American holidays in America, for example St. Patrick's Day, Haitian Flag Day.</li> <li>6) N3: CCD gives teachers a reason to teach about CC's legacy of the new world, exploration and trade.</li> <li>a) CC made 4 voyages that were significant historically</li> <li>b) In cross-ex (CX) the Negative admitted that CCD celebrates positives, not CC as a killer</li> <li>c) CC is an icon of his time, much as the Mona Lisa in art.</li> <li>d) CC's voyages catalyzed the colonization of the entire new world.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>5) N1: American values are those of unity and compromise, e.g. Thanksgiving <ul> <li>a) CC was looking for domination.</li> <li>b) It would be like the Arabs celebrating the invasion of Lebanon</li> <li>c) Veteran's Day isn't about killing but service. It originally was Armistice Day celebrating the end of a war</li> </ul> </li> <li>6) N2: CC wasn't an American. Why not have Alexander the Great Day?</li> <li>7) N3: No one gets excited about CCD. It's just a day off.</li> </ul>

First Affirmative Rebuttal	First Negative Rebuttal	Second Negative Rebuttal	Second Affirmative Rebuttal
<ol> <li>If, as the Negative claims, CC has no real role, why are we debating the resolution?         <ul> <li>a) Negative misinterprets CCD. We celebrate the good, not the bad, and CC's discovery led to a movement.</li> <li>b) St. Patrick's Day and CCD are not ethnic holidays as currently celebrated</li> <li>c) The resolution is not about holidays. We are discussing CC, not CCD</li> <li>d) The Negative definition is incorrect, especially if one refers to the packet along with the resolution</li> </ul> </li> <li>N1: We celebrate CC for the positives, the movement that resulted from his voyages</li> <li>N2: We do celebrate non-Americans. We should celebrate greatness regardless of country.</li> <li>N3: The Negative never backed up their claim the holiday was unnecessary.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>The Affirmative did not define terms, so the Negative definition holds.         <ul> <li>a) CCD is the main celebration.</li> </ul> </li> <li>The Affirmative has given no proof of the cultural significance of CCD         <ul> <li>a) An indirect catalyst is not enough</li> <li>If we are celebrating the movement not the man, then the legacy is one of mass murder.                 <ul></ul></li></ul></li></ol>	<ol> <li>The resolution and the packet both point to CCD. There is no other celebration</li> <li>A1: No rebuttal to our arguments. It essentially celebrates destruction not unity, in contrast to Veteran's Day or Thanksgiving.         <ol> <li>Resolution doesn't prevent personal choice to celebrate on one's own time</li> <li>CCD is an unnecessary use of government's time—no holiday for St. Patrick</li> <li>School would be a better use of the time than a day off to do nothing</li> <li>A2: CC not really related to the US</li> <li>A3: We can blame CC if we are going to celebrate him as a symbol.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Negative case is based on accusations of genocide         <ul> <li>a) Under cross-ex, Negative admitted CCD looks to the man and the idea of exploration, the movement, not genocide</li> <li>b) CC is a symbol, like the Mona Lisa</li> </ul> </li> <li>N2: American values are celebrated—unity, equality, the melting pot         <ul> <li>a) Celebrating only Americans ignores the contributions of other cultures</li> <li>N3: The Negative mocks the holiday, but how many get excited about Martin Luther King Day</li></ul></li></ol>